#### §5.8

- (b) The number of such requests accepted or approved;
- (c) The number denied, on which no appeal was made and the number denied on which an appeal was made; and
- (d) The number and status of any requests still pending.

### §5.8 Approval of regulations.

The provisions of this part have been approved by the Director, Bureau of the Budget, pursuant to Executive Order 10604, of April 22, 1955.

# PART 6—CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY INFLATION ADJUSTMENTS

Sec.

- 6.1 Definitions.
- 6.2 Purpose and scope.
- 6.3 Limitation on First Adjustments.
- 6.4 Adjustments to penalties.
- 6.5 Effective date of adjustments.
- 6.6 Subsequent adjustments.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 4, as amended, and sec. 5, Pub. L. 101-410, 104 Stat. 890 (28 U.S.C. 2461 note); Pub. L. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321, 28 U.S.C. 2461 note.

Source: 61 FR 55093, Oct. 24, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

## § 6.1 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Inflation Adjustment Act means the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (Pub. L. 101–410, October 5, 1990, 104 Stat. 890, 28 U.S.C. 2461 note).
- (b) Improvement Act means the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–134, April 26, 1996).
- (c) Amended Section Four means section 4 of the Inflation Adjustment Act, as amended by the Improvement Act.
- (d) Section Five means section 5 of the Inflation Adjustment Act.
- (e) Department means the Department of Commerce.
- (f) Secretary means the Secretary of the Department of Commerce.
- (g) First Adjustments means the inflation adjustments made by §6.4 of this part which, as provided in §6.5 of this part, are effective on October 23, 1996.

## § 6.2 Purpose and scope.

The purpose of this part is to make the inflation adjustment, described in Section Five and required by Amended Section Four, of each minimum and maximum civil monetary penalty provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Department.

## §6.3 Limitation on First Adjustments.

Each of the *First Adjustments* may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the respective penalty being adjusted.

#### § 6.4 Adjustments to penalties.

The civil monetary penalties provided by law within the jurisdiction of the respective agencies or bureaus of the Department, as set forth below in this section, are hereby adjusted in accordance with the inflation adjustment procedures prescribed in Section 5, Pub. L. 101-410, from the amounts of such penalties in effect prior to December 7, 2012, to the amounts of such penalties, as thus adjusted, except for the penalties that are being adjusted for the first time, stated in paragraphs, (a)(1), which became effective on October 21, 1986; (a)(2), which became effective on March 2, 1863; (b)(5), which became effective on December 18, 2006; and (f)(1) and (f)(2), which became effective on December 18, 2010.

- (a) Department of Commerce. (1) 31 U.S.C. 3802(a)(1)(D), Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, from \$5,000 to \$5.500.
- (2) 31 U.S.C. 3729(a)(1)(G), False Claims Act; minimum from \$5,000 to \$5,500; maximum from \$10,000 to \$11,000.
- (b) Bureau of Industry and Security. (1) 15 U.S.C. 5408(b)(1), Fastener Quality Act—Violation, from \$32,500 to \$32,500.
- (2) 22 U.S.C. 6761(a)(1)(A), Chemical Weapons Convention Implementation Act—Inspection Violation, from \$25,000 to \$25,000.
- (3) 22 U.S.C. 6761(a)(1)(B), Chemical Weapons Convention Implementation Act—Record Keeping Violation, from \$5,000 to \$5,000.
- (4) 50 U.S.C. 1705(a), International Emergency Economic Powers Act (2007)—Violation, from \$250,000 to \$250,000.
- (5) 22 U.S.C. 8142(a), United States Additional Protocol Implementation Act (2006)— Violation, from \$25,000 to \$27,500.
- (c) Bureau of the Census. (1) 13 U.S.C. 304, Collection of Foreign Trade Statistics—Delinquency on Delayed Filing of